practices (ULPs). constitute unfair labor legally ask, and may that supervisors cannot involved. These are questions names of all persons clearly-written notes with вид таке чету ѕресійс, Watch out for the following,

- bersonal problems
 - life styles expensive cars
- or managers o Obvious traits of owners
 - сошбапу чећісіея o Number and type of mempership previous Union
 - coworkers, including Background of
- any other gripes реаlth and safety ■ problems with
- discrimination ■ favoritism or ■ poor treatment

- poor supervision
- unpaid overtime тот тападетепт
- unfulfilled promises
 - Door wages сиеска
- broblems with pay o Employee complaints
- noinU s ni wno expresses interest Names of any worker
- o Lists of Jobs numbers, if possible)
- addresses and telephone rubjoke jists (with you're using time cards
- Copies of time cards, if
- letters or bulletins Copies of company news
- o Copies of safety policies policies
 - Copies of company Gather information
 - сопуетѕатіоп value said in possipje o Note anything of
- (элдьвэп "Union" (positive or o Note any mention of

- license numbers
 - else, write down vehicle o It you can't get anything and telephone numbers o If possible, get addresses
 - classifications of bins samen names and

CO-WOTKETS

- puiui while fresh on your Write down information
- taking notes o Don't be obvious when · Keep notes while working: biss saw tsdw
- o Who you talked to and applied
- o Date and time you the beginning:
- Take DETAILED notes from Keep a pocket memo pad. torward copies to the Union.
- · Save all pay stubs and hiring immediately. · Notify the Union of any Union (once a week at least)
- Make regular reports to your Some Responsibilities of

the Union immediately. · Report your termination to

- you support a Union. you're deing let go decause Union activity, ask whether anything to do with your think your termination has
- Union supporter and you It people know that you're a
- being laid-off or fired, and · Ask how many others are possible.
- rehire, with a witness if · Yak about the possibility of

If You're Fired:

.noinU before talking about the enough to establish trust

- Get to know someone well being an ordinary worker. salt. You want to be seen as you're a Union member or a · Don't tell you coworkers that
- insurance information and employee handbooks, rules, company materials -ITY to get copies of any

issues and so on. up at work, health and safety actions, problems that come company, disciplinary about the job or the

ruar nappens tnat mignt be Write notes on everything Union history and so on. toward management, their skill level, their attitude coworkers - their jobs, their information about your

important - things people say

- Write down useful telephone numbers. include home addresses and your own. If you can, try to employees, or make one of • If possible, get a list of all and get to know them. leaders among the workers,
- Try to identify the natural complaints. find out if they have any
- · Listen to your coworkers to coworkers. the employer and your a good impression on both Do your work well, and make

open and be a good listener. Keep your eyes and ears

After You're Hired:

.dot nom U non why you're applying for a a believable explanation as to company, be prepared to give you've worked at a union possible. If it's obvious that spplication as much as Union jobs in your resume or

- · Avoid obvious references to Union to coworkers. but don't talk down the the Union to the employer-
- · Don't be afraid to badmouth member or supporter. identify you as a Union or anything else that could buttons, shirts, jackets, caps · Don't wear Union stickers,

Applying for the Job:

Essential Information for

TO KEEP IN MIND. HERE ARE JUST SOME OF THE THINGS

has a common interest with the bosses (they don't). with the mindset fostered by the employing class that the working class is to deceive their coworkers. Quite the opposite. A salt must first deal and the ability to listen to one's co-workers. That doesn't mean a salt's job & file workers. A successful salting campaign requires patience, subflety, off the boss, it usually alienates potential union contacts among the rank talking union. An in-your-face, blunt approach such as that not only tips This doesn't mean that the salt gets a job and immediately starts

against repressive and often illegal union busting tactics. union organizing efforts by workers, salting is how workers can fight back tactics (including lies and intimidation) to undermine (legally protected) the employing class has a well documented history of using decettul or encouraging favoritism by having one worker spy on another). Because difficult "customers" in order to "test" a worker's "loyalty" to the company, abying on their workers (even to the point of hiring specialists to pose as "deceifful". Nothing could be further from the truth. Employers are always The employers will argue that by salting, unions are being

- o Management can't ask during a hiring interview about an applicant's Union affiliation or how he feels about Unions.
- o They can't asked whether you've ever signed a Union authorization card
- o They can't tell workers that you'll be fired or punished or in any way discriminated against for engaging in legal Union activities.
- o They can't ask about Union business; for example, who attended meetings, what was said, who said what, etc.
- o They can't say that forming a Union will

cause anyone to lose their jobs.

- o They can't tell workers that organizing will do away with present benefits.
- o They can't say that the company will refuse to deal with a Union.
- o They can't threaten to close the company to avoid a Union.
- o They can't lay off or fire workers in retaliation for Union activity.
- o They can't discipline a worker for Union activity.

Some Final Words

Salting is not an easy task, and often it's not very fruitful. It takes a special skill to find potential union organizers in an unfamiliar workplace, especially if you are the newcomer. These skills are attained through organizing experience. It is certainly wise to know something about organizing a union before you attempt to salt a workplace. It is not nearly as difficult to enlist the help of a trusted friend to help strengthen the potential union organizing committee at your own workplace, however and those wishing to salt a new workplace would do well to practice by salting at a friend's job first before moving on to the bigger challenge.

This may sound a bit discouraging, but remember, organizing takes time. Although on rare occasions, such as the Lawrence Silk Strike of 1912 or the Lumber Workers Industrial Union in 1917, entire industries have been organized in a manner of days, usually it takes much longer. Most single-shop union organizing campaigns require months if not a couple of years. Organizing by industry can take even longer. Patience is essential to successful organizing. You do your co-workers no good if you attempt a "fly-by-night" campaign. These usually fail, and workers become distrustful, if not outright hostile to unions because the salt isn't in the fight for the long haul or the would-be organizer doesn't think of his / her co-workers. So if you do decide to try salting, make sure you are dedicated to the enterprise.

Additional Readings

· Salt: the flavor, not the meal by MK Lees for Organizing



. Salt is Back on the Table by Noah Wingard for The Industrial Worker



• "Salting" Built the Labor Movement-It Can Help Rebuild It, Too by Erik Forman for In These Times



· Salting 101 Webinar by the **Emergency Workplace Organizing Committee**



Zine by **HOUDINI** Magazine

ORGANIZING UNDER COVER (SALTING)

"Salting" is the deliberate act of getting a job at a specific workplace with the intent to organize a union.

Most union campaigns start with a lone individual or small group of individuals with no union experience deciding to organize a union from scratch. Sometimes, a union campaign can be strengthened if you know of a friend with union organizing experience. By applying for open positions at your workplace, your friend can secretly help you organize

There are other circumstances where salting is used. Once you have organized a union at your workplace, you will usually discover that it is in your best interest to organize other workplaces in the same industry. Remember that there is strength in numbers. Unions do not necessarily have to be limited to one workplace, and salting is one method of organizing additional workplaces in your industry. If you don't have any contacts at these other workplaces, you, a friend, or a fellow union member may attempt to get a job there in order to find potential union contacts or begin organizing themselves.

IF YOU OBSERVE ANY OF THESE THINGS HAPPENING, BE SURE TO WRITE DOWN EXACTLY WHAT HAPPENED: WHO SAID WHAT, WHEN AND WHERE, AND WHO HEARD IT.